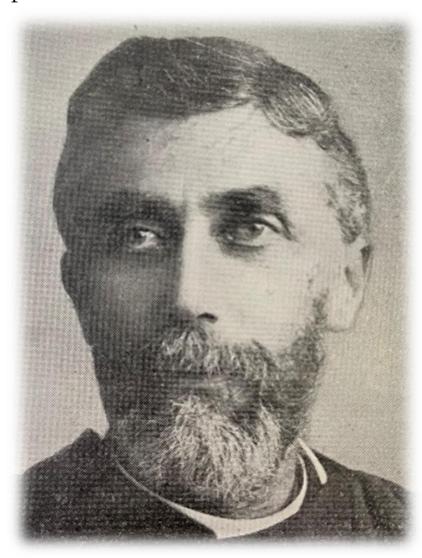


As a result of the linen industry and shipbuilding, Belfast grew rapidly in the late nineteenth century. When Queen Victoria came to the throne in 1837, there were only three Anglican churches in the city. By the end of her reign in 1901, there were thirty-seven, and even these were not enough as there were five times more members of the Church of Ireland in Belfast than pews for them to sit in.



Recognizing the pressing need for an additional church building in the expanding northern suburbs of the city, a committee was formed on 31st December 1894 establish a parochial district in the developing suburbs between the parishes of St James and Carnmoney. Led by the Rev'd Henry Stewart O'Hara, the Vicar of Belfast, whose

vision would also lead to the construction of St Anne's Cathedral, the committee included notable names in Belfast's history, such as Edward Allworthy, Francis Joseph Bigger, George Herbert Ewart, Godfrey Ferguson, and John Kinahan.



CHURCH OF S. PETER, ANTRIM ROAD.

#### CHURCH OF IRELAND.

## NEW CHURCH AND SCHOOL

FOF

District in the Parish of Belfast, lying between the Parishes of S. James and Carnmoney.

# Committee :

Rev. Canon O'Hara, Vicar of Belfast. E. Allworthy.

F. J. BIGGER.

F. Cunningham.

G. W. Ferguson. F. P. Hughes.

JOHN KINAHAN.

JAMES M'DONALD. ROBERT MACMURRAY. FRANCIS ROBINSON.

#### James Stewart.

#### Bon. Secretary:

R. GARRETT CAMPBELL, Kinlock, Antrim Road.

#### Bon. Treasurer:

G. HERBERT EWART, Firmount, Antrim Road.



T a public meeting held on 31st December, 1894, a committee was appointed to take such steps as might be desirable for erecting a Church and Schoolhouse to supply the wants of a large and increasingly populous district in the Parish of Belfast, including Fortwilliam and Chichester Parks, and lying beyond S. James' Parish.

The Committee, after much consideration, have secured a site on the east side of the Antrim Road, adjoining Ashley Park, for a Church and Parsonage, and a site adjoining the Antrim Road, at the junction of the old Cavehill Road, for a Schoolhouse, both of which

sites they believe are well suited for the purposes intended.

The purchase of these sites, which cover an area of nearly two acres, will cost about £1,200

The Committee have also obtained the sanction of the National Board of Education to a loan of £1,291 from the Board of Works for the building of a commodious non-vested National School, from designs by G. W. Ferguson, C.E., to be called the "Skegoneill National School." It is hoped that the negotiations with the Board of Works now in progress will soon be completed, and that the School may be built and opened in the course of the coming year.

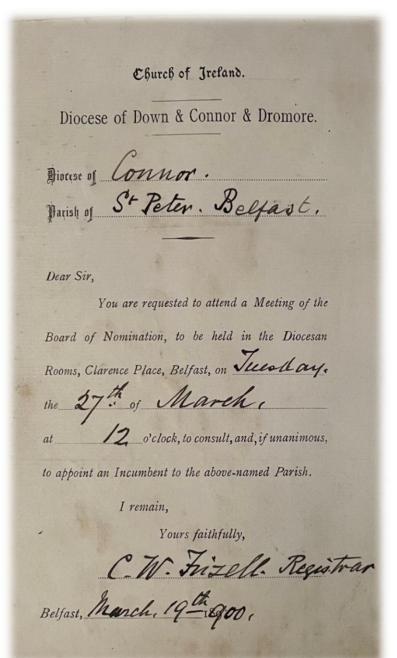
A design for a Church to accommodate over 600 people has been obtained from Samuel P. Close, C.E. It is intended at present only to erect the Nave of the Church, at a cost of about £1,500, and the Committee hope very soon to commence the work.

The foundation stone for St Peter's was laid on 28th May 1898. Several prominent families played a significant role in the construction and adornment of the church: George Herbert Ewart commissioned the ceramic reredos behind the Holy Table, and John Kinahan funded the chancel and several stained-glass windows. The latter's generosity is commemorated on two brass plaques on the south wall of the sanctuary. In recognition of the Rev'd O'Hara's own foundational work, the congregation gifted him his Episcopal Seal upon his later appointment as Bishop of Cashel, Emly, Waterford, and Lismore.



During the church's construction, religious services in the newly formed St Peter's Parochial District were held at Skegoneill National School, at the junction of the Antrim Road and the Old Cavehill Road.

Following the consecration of the church on St Peter's Day, 29<sup>th</sup> June 1900, the inaugural Sunday service was held on 1st July, led by the first Rector – the Rev'd Henry Brett. During his



incumbency, St continued to attract distinguished commercial, industrial, and professional figures, despite the shift of affluent families toward the Malone area of south Belfast. Among the first parishioners were Sir James Norritt, Frederic Lloyd-Dodd, and Henry Johns, all whom of contributed significantly to the Church community. The parish quickly gained recognition for its music, with its choir organist receiving and widespread praise for their excellence.

The church building itself stands as a fine example of late-Victorian Gothic Revival architecture. When first opened in 1900, only the chancel, transepts, and one bay of the nave had been completed. Designed by Samuel Patrick Close, a noted local architect who had apprenticed with Lanyon, Lynn & Lanyon, the church reflects his expertise in ecclesiastical design. His other notable projects include St Patrick's Church on the Newtownards Road and Fisherwick Presbyterian Church on the Malone Road.

Blending Decorated and Perpendicular Gothic styles, and incorporating elements of Irish Revivalism, St Peter's was constructed using Scrabo sandstone, with Giffnock dressings sourced from Dumfries. The work was carried out by Henry Laverty & Sons.

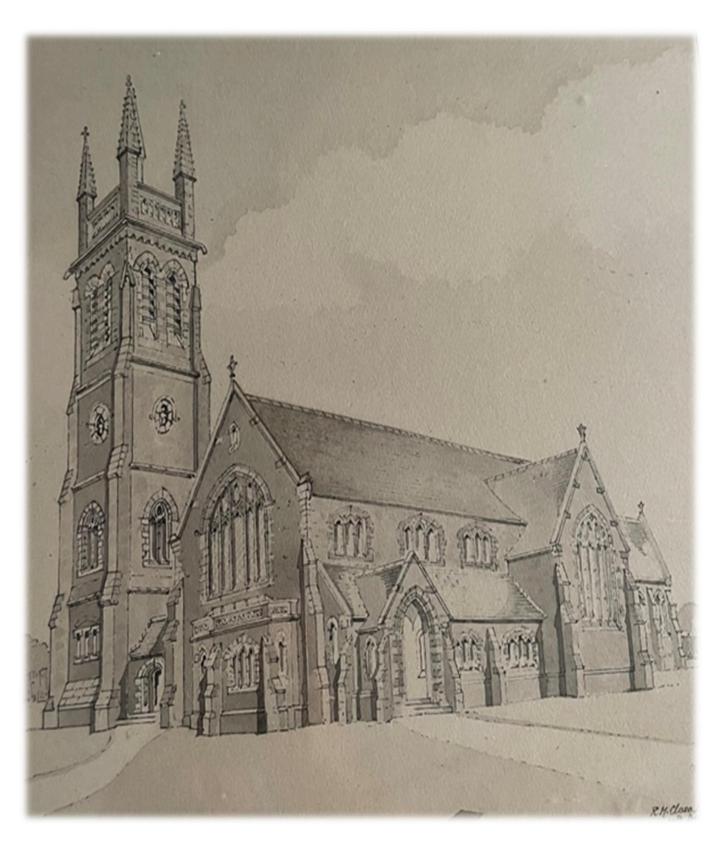




The central pane of the east window (above the Holy Table) which depicts Christ saving St Peter from drowning, was the only stained glass in the building at its consecration. The full window was completed later, with the panel on the left showing Christ teaching from St Peter's boat, and the panel on the right showing Christ's post-Resurrection appearance to St Peter on the shore of the Sea of Galilee. Many more windows were subsequently added by Heaton, Butler and Bayne of London, James Powell & Sons of London, W.F. Clokey of Belfast, Artglass Ireland, and Portadown Stained Glass.



The original plans for the church included a tall tower in the northwest corner, for which central funding had been sought, but which was granted instead to St Peter's sister church: St Columba's, Knock.



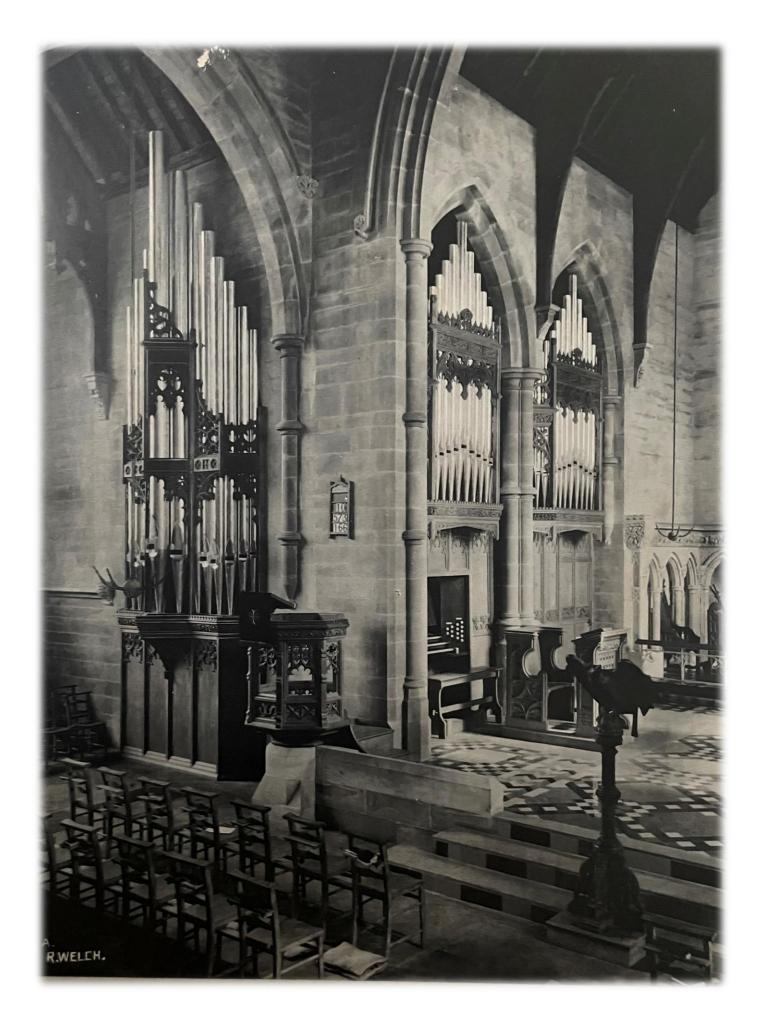
St Peter's was nevertheless described as "a slice of a cathedral," praised for its dignified and imposing presence, with many remarkable furnishings enhancing its interior. This includes the ceramic reredos beneath the east window. Sculpted by George Tinworth of London, it depicts the women's encounter with the angels at Jesus' empty tomb.



The church organ case, comprising the organ pipes and wooden surround, was widely praised following its installation in 1903, with the Irish Builder trade journal calling it "the handsomest carved organ case in Ireland."





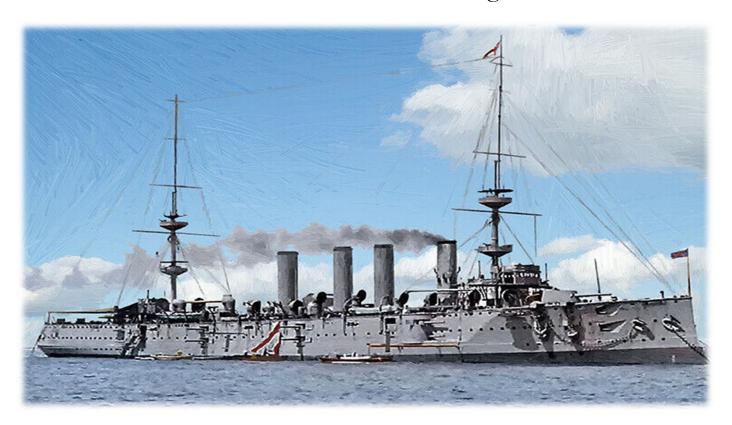


The outbreak of World War I in 1914 profoundly affected St Peter's and its congregation. Eighty-one young men and women from the parish enlisted in the military, of whom eleven lost their lives in battles such as Loos, the Somme, Ypres, and Cambrai. The parish commemorated their service and sacrifice by installing a Victory Window and memorial plaques in the south transept.

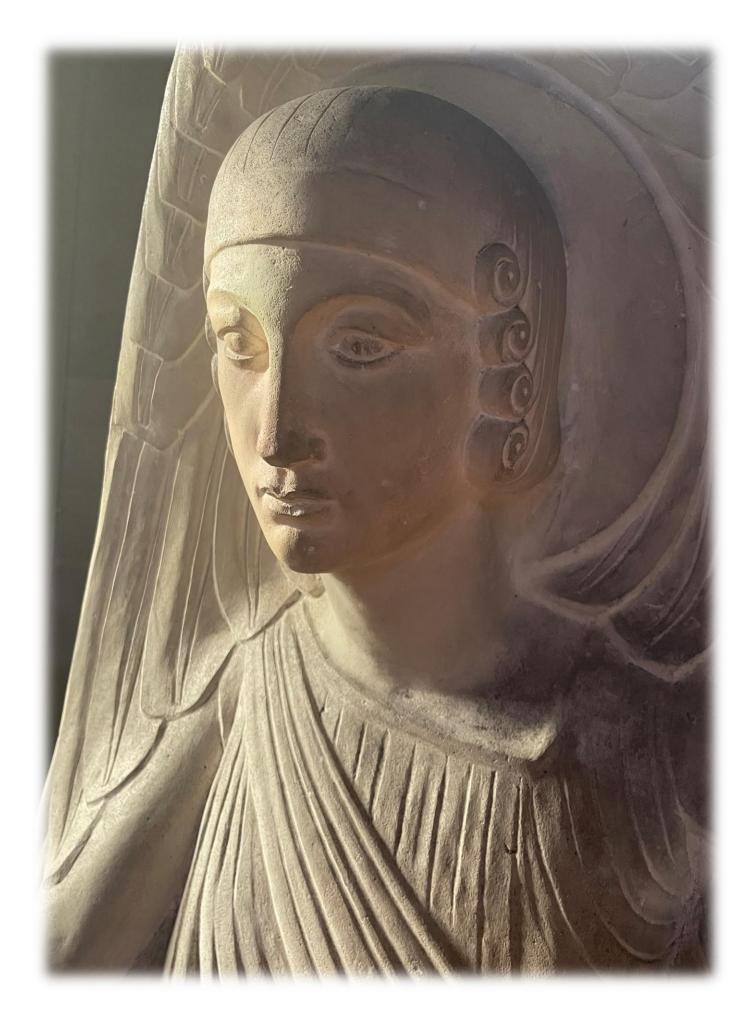


The Rev'd Brett remained at St Peter's until 1926, when he was succeeded by the second Rector: the Rev'd Dr Richard Breene. During the subsequent years, the parish experienced a period of growth and consolidation, with a parochial hall constructed in 1927 to provide much-needed recreational facilities for the congregation.

In the early 1930s, the church underwent a significant expansion under the supervision of Richard Mills Close, who was the son of the original architect. This phase of construction, completed in 1933, added a porch, vestry, baptistry, and two bays to the nave. A small notch carved into the wooden flooring of the central aisle serves as a subtle marker of the original boundary of the church prior to its extension. Although the western addition was designed in harmony with the existing structure, a slight colour difference between the original stonework and the later extension remains visible within the building.



HMS Powerful, which had been launched in 1895, became famous during the Boer War in 1899. The ship was dismantled in 1929 and the two wooden gates in the church grounds, close to the Antrim Road, were crafted from teak salvaged from the ship and installed not long after.



The extended church was consecrated on 29th June 1933, fulfilling the founders' vision of St Peter's as one of Belfast's most beautiful churches. In the years that followed, parishioners and clergy continued to contribute generously to the church's refinement. A rectory was purchased in 1937, and the burgeoning growth of the parish led to the Parochial District of St Katharine's being carved out of St Peter's in 1938.



World War II brought devastation to Belfast. Many homes, businesses, and churches were destroyed during the Belfast Blitz in 1941, although mercifully St Peter's was spared. Eighteen parishioners, however, were killed abroad. Ten years after the war, a memorial window was installed in the north transept, symbolizing Christ's victory over death.

In 1950, Dr Breene wrote that St Peter's "has an appearance and dignity such as is rarely met with in our local ecclesiastical structures." He retired in 1963, and was succeeded by the third Rector: the Rev'd Will Harris, who once remarked upon the "Three Ps" that had defined St Peter's: "no pews, no plaster, and no paint."

During the Rev'd Harris' incumbency, the congregation faced further challenges during the political and sectarian conflict known as "the Troubles", which lasted from the late 1960s until 1998. In addition to demographic shift and the decline in church attendance, there were personal tragedies, such as the death of fourteenyear-old Stephen Parker,



who was killed by a car bomb explosion on the Cavehill Road on Bloody Friday in 1972. Stephen was the son of the Church of Ireland's Chaplain to the Mission to Seafarers at Belfast Harbour, and had been preparing for Confirmation at St Peter's. The Cavehill Cross, made from wooden window lintels from the shop in which Stephen was killed, has a prominent position at the back of St Peter's. The church itself suffered extensive bomb damage following an explosion in the carpark of the adjacent Lansdowne Court Hotel in 1987.

Like St Peter's, the former Chapel of the Resurrection in Innisfayle Park is a Gothic Revival structure. It was designed by Lanyon, Lynn & Lanyon and built between 1865 and 1869 as a mortuary chapel for the Marquis of Donegall at Belfast Castle. Constructed from Scrabo with Portland sandstone limestone accents, it featured belltower, rose window, and intricate stone tracery.



Consecrated in 1869, and later serving as a private chapel, it was closed in the 1970s due to vandalism, after which its contents were relocated. Two stained glass windows were installed in St Comgall's, Rathcoole, and a white marble monument to the Earl of Belfast, sculpted by Patrick McDowell, was placed in Belfast City Hall. The remaining furnishings were transferred to St Peter's, with the south transept side-chapel renamed the Chapel of the Resurrection.



The fourth Rector, the Rev'd Dr Stephen McBride, was instituted in 1990. Several key renovations took place under the Rev'd McBride's leadership, including the installation of a new heating system and the replacement of the church's lighting system. In 1995, he stepped down to take up the position of Vicar of Antrim.

In 1996, the Rev'd Charles McCollum became the fifth Rector. He oversaw the construction of new Parish Halls and managed the amalgamation of St Peter's with its neighbouring parish of St James. This union arose as a consequence of many Protestant families moving out of inner north Belfast to avoid sectarian tensions during the Troubles, leading to the difficult decision in 2008 to close and deconsecrate St James' as an Anglican place of worship. The Rev'd McCollum thus became the first rector of the newly united parish of St Peter & St James, before retiring in

2008.

The Rev'd Adrian Dorrian was instituted as the sixth rector of St Peter's (second Rector of the united parish) in 2009. He resigned in February 2012 to take up the position of rector at St Mark's, Dundela.

Following a vacancy of

nearly a year and a half, the Rev'd Brian Lacey was appointed as the seventh Rector of St Peter's (third Rector of the united parish) in 2013. During his tenure, many items of historical significance from both St Peter's and St James were displayed within the church. Among those from St James were the Holy Table and reredos, the Eagle Lectern, a book stand, a linen cupboard, several flower stands, hymn boards, a diocesan Sunday

School banner, a Mothers' Union banner, the side-chapel Holy Table, and various smaller artifacts. The north aisle of the church, where these items were relocated, was renamed the St James' Chapel in honour of the former parish.

Blending historic craftsmanship with Gothic Revival ideals, St Peter's remains a symbol of architectural excellence and resilience. It continues



to mature as a building, including the installation of new stainedglass windows in 2019 and 2025: the McManus window in the north aisle, and the Hinds window in the south aisle, respectively.

Over the course of one hundred and twenty-five years, through times of peace and conflict, St Peter's has been a consistent

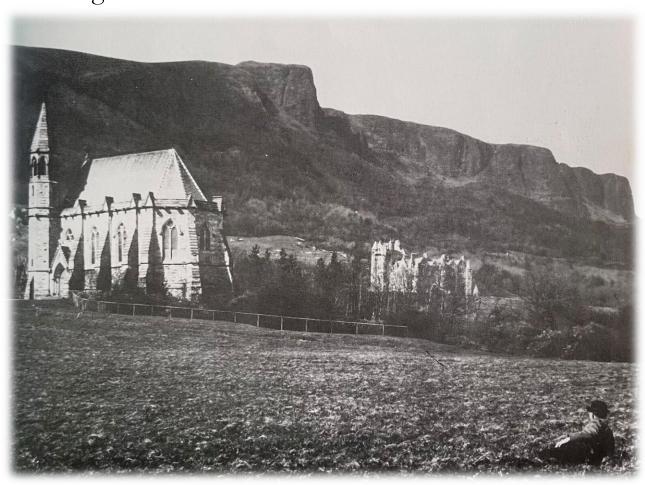


witness to Jesus Christ in Belfast's ever-changing landscape – the physical embodiment of the Church of Ireland's steadfast commitment to faith, worship, and service in the north of the city.

## **Description of Images**

- Front Cover: A view of the newly built church from what would become Fortwilliam Drive, sometime around 1900.
- Page 2: The Rev'd Henry Stewart O'Hara.
- Page 3: A poster from 1894, giving notice of the plans to build St Peter's Church and Skegoneill School.
- Page 4: A sketch envisioning Skegoneill National School.
- Page 5: The summons of the Board of Nomination to appoint a first rector of the parish.
- Page 6: The chancel of St Peter's in 1908.
- Page 7: Stonemason John Baker and his assistant carving the sanctuary walls.
- Page 8: The chancel in 1900, with a single pane of stained glass.
- Page 9: A drawing of the church with the proposed belltower.
- Page 10: The sanctuary with its original furnishings in 1900.
- Page 11: A newly carved wooden angel to adorn the choir stalls.
- Page 12: The chancel before the installation of the organ.
- Page 13: The organ case and console in 1908.
- Page 14: A section of the Victory Window in the south transept.
- Page 15: HMS Powerful, from which the gate posts were made.
- Page 16: The stone carved face of the angel font.

- Page 17: The procession of clergy for the service of consecration of the extended church in 1933.
- Page 18: Stephen Parker, who died on Bloody Friday.
- Page 19: A sketch of the Chapel of the Resurrection.
- Page 20: The Holy Table and reredos of the Chapel of the Resurrection before removal to St Peter's.
- Page 21: The Holy Table and reredos of St James'.
- Page 22: (top) The central pane of the Hinds window.
- Page 22: (bottom) A view of St Peter's from the northwest.
- Page 24: The Chapel of the Resurrection and the Castle prior to the building of houses in the area.



<u>Year</u>	Rector	Rector's Churchwarden	People's Churchwarden	Honorary Secretary	Honorary Treasurer	Choir Master
1900	H. Brett	G.W. Ferguson	F.P. Hughes	F.J. Bigger	H.G. Ewart	H. Hughes
1901	H. Brett	A.C. Capper	F. Robinson	F.J. Bigger	H.G. Ewart	H. Hughes
1902	H. Brett	F.J. Bigger	J. McDonald	F.J. Bigger	H.G. Ewart	H. Hughes
1903	H. Brett	W. Berwick	R. Nevin	F.J. Bigger	H.G. Ewart	A.M. Gifford
1904	H. Brett	W. Berwick	J.T. Keys	R.F. Ringwood	H.G. Ewart	A.M. Gifford
1905	H. Brett	E.P. Higgins	J.T. Keys	A.C. Capper	H.G. Ewart	A.M. Gifford
1906	H. Brett	E.P. Higgins	C. Nicholson	A.C. Capper	H.G. Ewart	A.M. Gifford
1907	H. Brett	E.P. Higgins	C. Nicholson	A.C. Capper	H.G. Ewart	A.M. Gifford
1908	H. Brett	H. Ferguson	G. Higinbotham	A.C. Capper	H.G. Ewart	A.M. Gifford
1909	H. Brett	H. Ferguson	A.S. Megaw	A.C. Capper	H.G. Ewart	A.M. Gifford
1910	H. Brett	H. Kinahan	A.S. Megaw	J.T. Keys	H.G. Ewart	A.M. Gifford
1911	H. Brett	H. Kinahan	C. Leathem	J.T. Keys	H.G. Ewart	A.M. Gifford
1912	H. Brett	Col. Suddart	C. Leathem	J.T. Keys	H.G. Ewart	A.M. Gifford
1913	H. Brett	Major Cunningham	J. Macoun	J.T. Keys	H.G. Ewart	A.M. Gifford
1914	H. Brett	Major Cunningham	G. Raymond	J.T. Keys	H.G. Ewart	A.M. Gifford
1915	H. Brett	Major Cunningham	G. Raymond	J.T. Keys	H.G. Ewart	A.M. Gifford
1916	H. Brett	R.H. Kinahan	J.W. Durnan	J.T. Keys	H.G. Ewart	E.J. Neill
1917	H. Brett	R.H. Kinahan	J.W. Durnan	J.T. Keys	H.G. Ewart	E.J. Neill
1918	H. Brett	R.H. Kinahan	J.W. Durnan	J. Hind	H.G. Ewart	E.J. Neill
1919	H. Brett	H.H. Stewart	J.D. McClure	J. Hind	H.G. Ewart	E.J. Neill
1920	H. Brett	H.H. Stewart	J.D. McClure	J. Hind	H.G. Ewart	E.J. Neill
1921	H. Brett	H.C. Kennedy	A. Kelly	J. Hind	H.G. Ewart	E.J. Neill
1922	H. Brett	H.C. Kennedy	A. Kelly	J. Hind	H.G. Ewart	E.J. Neill
1923	H. Brett	H. Magill	E.B. Waring	J. Hind	H.H. Stewart	E.J. Neill
1924	H. Brett	H. Magill	E.B. Waring	J. Hind	H.H. Stewart	E.J. Neill
1925	H. Brett	T.H. Johnston	Major Ewart	J. Hind	H.H. Stewart	E.J. Neill
1926	R. Breene	T.H. Johnston	Major Ewart	J. Hind	H.H. Stewart	E.J. Neill
1927	R. Breene	Sir A.S. Queckett	Major Ewart	J. Hind	H.H. Stewart	E.J. Neill
1928	R. Breene	Sir A.S. Queckett	R. Carruthers	J. Hind	H.H. Stewart	E.J. Neill
1929	R. Breene	Sir A.S. Queckett	R. Carruthers	J. Hind	H.H. Stewart	E.J. Neill
1930	R. Breene	T. Bill	H. Grubb	L.P. Gill	E.G. Oldham	E.J. Neill
1931	R. Breene	T. Bill	H. Grubb	L.P. Gill	E.G. Oldham	R. Orton
1932	R. Breene	Professor F.T. Lloyd-Dodd	Major Ewart	L.P. Gill	G.H. Griffin	R. Orton
1933	R. Breene	Professor F.T. Lloyd-Dodd	Major Ewart	L.P. Gill	G.H. Griffin	J.C. Clitheroe
1934	R. Breene	Capt. Gill	E.E. Storey	L.P. Gill	G.H. Griffin	J.C. Clitheroe
1935	R. Breene	Capt. Gill	E.E. Storey	L.P. Gill	J.A Ross	J.C. Clitheroe
1936	R. Breene	Capt. Gill	R.R. Reid	L.P. Gill	J.A Ross	J.C. Clitheroe
1937	R. Breene	J. Young	R.R. Reid	L.P. Gill	J.A Ross	J.C. Clitheroe
1938	R. Breene	J.B. Armstrong	R.R. Reid	L.P. Gill	J.H Kerr	J.C. Clitheroe
1939	R. Breene	R.E. McClure	J.B. Armstrong	R.R. Reid	A.F Hanna	J.C. Clitheroe
1940	R. Breene	A.F. Hanna	G. W. Griffin	R.R Reid	G.H. Griffin	J.C. Clitheroe
1941	R. Breene	A.F. Hanna	G. W. Griffin	R.R Reid	W.T. Scott	J.C. Clitheroe
1942	R. Breene	A.F. Hanna	G. W. Griffin	R.R Reid	W.T. Scott	J.C. Clitheroe

1943	R. Breene	J.A. Noblett	G. W. Griffin	R.R Reid	T.F. McGhee	J.C. Clitheroe
1944	R. Breene	JJ.A. Noblett	W.H. Dunlop	R.R Reid	T.F. McGhee	L. Wood
1945	R. Breene	J.H. Norritt	W.H. Dunlop	R.R Reid	T.F. McGhee	L. Wood
1946	R. Breene	R.E. McClure	D. O'R. Haldane	R.R Reid	T.F. McGhee	L. Wood
1947	R. Breene	H. Mitchell	R.L. Taylor	R.R Reid	R.W. Montgomery	L. Wood
1948	R. Breene	H. Mitchell	R.L. Taylor	R.R Reid	R.W. Montgomery	L. Wood
1949	R. Breene	H.E. Campbell	H.R. Fry	R.R Reid	R.W. Montgomery	L. Wood
1950	R. Breene	H.E. Campbell	H.R. Fry	R.R Reid	R.W. Montgomery	L. Wood
1951	R. Breene	J. Wright	G.C. Hall	R.R Reid	R.W. Montgomery	L. Wood
1952	R. Breene	T.M. McDonald	M.J. Regan	R.R Reid	J.M. Patterson	L. Wood
1953	R. Breene	T.M. McDonald	J. Regan	R.R Reid	J.M. Patterson	L. Wood
1954	R. Breene	T.M. McDonald	J. Regan	R.R Reid	J.M. Patterson	L. Wood
1955	R. Breene	E.B. McGuire	S.A. Hutchman	R.R Reid	J.M. Patterson	L. Wood
1956	R. Breene	E.B. McGuire	S.A. Hutchman	R.R Reid	G.H. Dunlop	L. Wood
1957	R. Breene	H.E. Wood	W.G. Henderson	R.R Reid	G.H. Dunlop	L. Wood
1958	R. Breene	H.E. Wood	W.G. Henderson	R.R Reid	G.H. Dunlop	L. Wood
1959	R. Breene	W.G.H. McCarthy	T. Mayne	G.H. Dunlop	J.W. Monson	L. Wood
1960	R. Breene	W.G.H. McCarthy	T. Mayne	A.G. Treacy	J.W. Monson	L. Wood
1961	R. Breene	N. Deveria	H. Taylor	G. Power	J.W. Monson	L. Wood
1962	R. Breene	N. Deveria	H. Taylor	G. Power	J.W. Monson	L. Wood
1963	W. Harris	N. Deveria	J.M. Patterson	G. Power	J.W. Monson	L. Wood
1964	W. Harris	N. Deveria	J.M. Patterson	G. Power	C.H. Davis	R. Patterson
1965	W. Harris	J. Regan	G.C. Wasson	G. Power	C.H. Davis	R. Patterson
1966	W. Harris	J. Regan	G.C. Wasson	G. Power	C.H. Davis	R. Patterson
1967	W. Harris	P. Cavan	P. Worrell	G. Power	C.H. Davis	R. Patterson
1968	W. Harris	J. Filor	W.A. Wright	G. Power	C.H. Davis	P. Harris
1969	W. Harris	D. Sloan	W.A. Wright	G. Power	W.H. Taylor	P. Harris
1970	W. Harris	D. Sloan	J. Wright	G. Power	E.S. Gordon	P. Harris
1971	W. Harris	R. Entwistle	J. Wright	G. Power	E.S. Gordon	P. Harris
1972	W. Harris	J. Briggs	D.H. Dunlop	G. Power	E.S. Gordon	P. Harris
1973	W. Harris	F. Wilson	W. Everett	G. Power	E.S. Gordon	N. Finlay
1974	W. Harris	D. Lowry	P. Rogers	G. Power	K.E.D. Mackrell	N. Finlay
1975	W. Harris	Q. Mulligan	T. Swan	G. Power	W.F. Ginn	N. Finlay
1976	W. Harris	N.C. Beattie	Q. Mulligan	C.G.H. Filor	W.F. Ginn	N. Finlay
1977	W. Harris	S. McDowell	B. Rogers	C.G.H. Filor	W.F. Ginn	N. Finlay
1978	W. Harris	A. Jones	S.H. Hinds	C.G.H. Filor	W.F. Ginn	N. Finlay
1979	W. Harris	B.I. Jeffers	H.T. Jackson	C.G.H. Filor	W.F. Ginn	N. Finlay
1980	W. Harris	J. Sterling	Q. Mulligan	C.G.H. Filor	W.F. Ginn	R. Lee
1981	W. Harris	K.M. Dunlop	Q. Mulligan	C.G.H. Filor	W.F. Ginn	M. McCracken
1982	W. Harris	H. Hutchman	V.G. Bridges	C.G.H. Filor	D.J. McClure	M. McCracken
1983	W. Harris	E. Murray	P.V.G. Worrall	C.G.H. Filor	D.J. McClure	M. McCracken
1984	W. Harris	T. Conville	P.V.G. Worrall	C.G.H. Filor	D.J. McClure	M. McCracken
1985	W. Harris	D. Mc Clements	P.V.G. Worrall	C.G.H. Filor	H. Jacobs	B. Moore
1986	W. Harris	D. Cochrane	P.V.G. Worrall	C.G.H. Filor	H. Jacobs	B. Moore

1987	W. Harris	S. Hutchman	D. McClements	C.G.H. Filor	H. Jacobs	B. Moore
1988	W. Harris	J. Sterling	D. McClements	C.G.H. Filor	H. Jacobs	B. Moore
1989	W. Harris	J. McCreary	D. McClements	C.G.H. Filor	G.V. Flynn	R. Thompson
1990	S.R. McBride	J. Sterling	D. McClements	C.G.H. Filor	G.V. Flynn	R. Thompson
1991	S.R. McBride	R.D. Beattie	D. McClements	H. Shields	G.V. Flynn	A. Casement
1992	S.R. McBride	S. McDowell	D. McClements	H. Shields	G.V. Flynn	A. Casement
1993	S.R. McBride	D. McCausland	D. McClements	H. Shields	G.V. Flynn	D. Hunter
1994	S.R. McBride	E. Stewart	D. McClements	R. Johnston	G.V. Flynn	D. Hunter
1995	C. McCollum	S. Chillingworth	D. McClements	R. Johnston	G.V. Flynn	D. Hunter
1996	C. McCollum	S. Chillingworth	D. McClements	R. Johnston	G.V. Flynn	D. Hunter
1997	C. McCollum	M.S. O'Neill	I.H. McManus	R. Johnston	G.V. Flynn	D. Hunter
1998	C. McCollum	S.C. Lowry	I.H. McManus	C. Harris	G.V. Flynn	R. Thompson
1999	C. McCollum	S.C. Lowry	I.H. McManus	S.H. Hinds	G.V. Flynn	R. Thompson
2000	C. McCollum	I.H. McManus		R. Johnston	S. McDowell	R. Thompson
2001	C. McCollum	S. Davison	J. Wright	R. Johnston	S. McDowell	R. Thompson
2002	C. McCollum	S. Davison	J. Wright	R. Johnston	S. McDowell	S. Hamill
2003	C. McCollum	S. Davison	O. Haldane	R. Johnston	S. McDowell	S. Hamill
2004	C. McCollum	S. Davison	O. Haldane	R. Johnston	S. McDowell	S. Hamill
2005	C. McCollum	S. Davison	O. Haldane	R. Johnston	S. McDowell	S. Hamill
2006	C. McCollum	S. Davison	O. Haldane	R. Johnston	S. McDowell	S. Hamill
2007	C. McCollum	S. Davison	O. Haldane	R. Johnston	S. McDowell	S. Hamill
2008	C. McCollum	S. Davison	O. Haldane	R. Johnston	S. McDowell	S. Hamill
2009	A. Dorrian	S. Davison	O. Haldane	R. Johnston	S. McDowell	S. Hamill
2010	A. Dorrian	I.H. McManus	D. McClements	R. Johnston	S. McDowell	S. Hamill
2011	A. Dorrian	I.H. McManus	D. McClements	R. Johnston	S. McDowell	S. Hamill
2012	Vacant	D. McClements	S. Hutchman	R. Johnston	D. Nairn	S. Hamill
2013	C.B. Lacey	D. McClements	S. Hutchman	R. Johnston	D. Nairn	S. Hamill
2014	C.B. Lacey	D. McClements	S. Hutchman	R. Johnston	D. Nairn	R. Thompson
2015	C.B. Lacey	D. McClements	I.H. McManus	R. Johnston	A. T. McCune	R. Thompson
2016	C.B. Lacey	D. McClements	S. Hutchman	R. Johnston	A. T. McCune	R. Thompson
2017	C.B. Lacey	D. McClements	S. Hutchman	G. Larmour	A. T. McCune	R. Thompson
2018	C.B. Lacey	D. McClements	D. Hanna	G. Larmour	A. T. McCune	R. Thompson
2019	C.B. Lacey	D. McClements	D. Hanna	G. Larmour	A. T. McCune	R. Thompson
2020	C.B. Lacey	D. McClements	D. Hanna	G. Larmour	A. T. McCune	R. Thompson
2021	C.B. Lacey	D. McClements	D. Hanna	Y. Crozier	A. T. McCune	R. Thompson
2022	C.B. Lacey	D. McClements	D. Hanna	S. McCusker	A. T. McCune	R. Thompson
2023	C.B. Lacey	D. McClements	M. McKenna Black	Y. Crozier	A. T. McCune	R. Thompson
2024	C.B. Lacey	D. McClements	M. McKenna Black	C. Webb	A. T. McCune	R. Thompson
2025	C.B. Lacey	D. McClements	M. McKenna Black	C. Webb	A. T. McCune	R. Thompson
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